

Childhood Immunizations from the Immunization Action Coalition

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When Do Children and Teens Need Immunizations?

Vaccinations start at birth and continue throughout life.

Age	Hep B Hepatitis B	DTaP Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis	Hib <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b	Polio	PCV Pneumococcal conjugate	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Varicella Chickenpox	Influenza
Birth	✓ ¹							
1 month	✓ ²			✓	✓			
2 months		✓	✓	✓	✓			
4 months		✓	✓		✓			
6 months	✓ ³	✓	✓ ⁴	✓				✓ (6-23 mos)
12-18 months		✓ (15-18 mos)	✓ (12-15 mos)		✓ (12-15 mos)	✓ (12-15 mos)	✓ (12-15 mos)	
19-47 months	catch-up ⁵	catch-up ⁵	catch-up ⁵ (to 5 years)	catch-up ⁵	catch-up ⁵	catch-up ⁵	catch-up ⁵ (unvaccinated children at this age need 2 doses)	
4-6 years		✓		✓		✓		
11-12 years		✓ (Td only)			catch-up ⁵			catch-up ⁵
13-18 years		catch-up ⁵						catch-up ⁵

¹ All infants should be vaccinated prior to hospital discharge.

² Infants who receive hepatitis B vaccine at birth may receive up to four doses.

³ If the infant's mother is HBsAg-positive, a minimum of three doses of hepatitis B vaccine should be given by 6 months of age.

⁴ A dose of Hib vaccine at 6 months of age is not needed if either PedvaxHib or Comvax was used for doses #1 and #2.

⁵ Vaccinations that have been delayed or missed entirely should be given as soon as possible, including throughout the "catch-up" period.

Note: Children 2 years of age and older may need additional vaccines, such as hepatitis A, pneumococcal polysaccharide, meningococcal, or influenza. Talk to your doctor.

Immunization Action Coalition

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See page 17 for adult immunizations.